

## Polyethylene | Polypropylene (PE|PP)

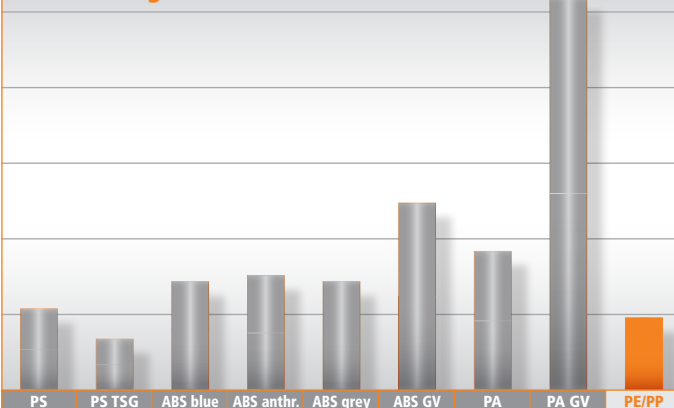
## Material Data Sheet



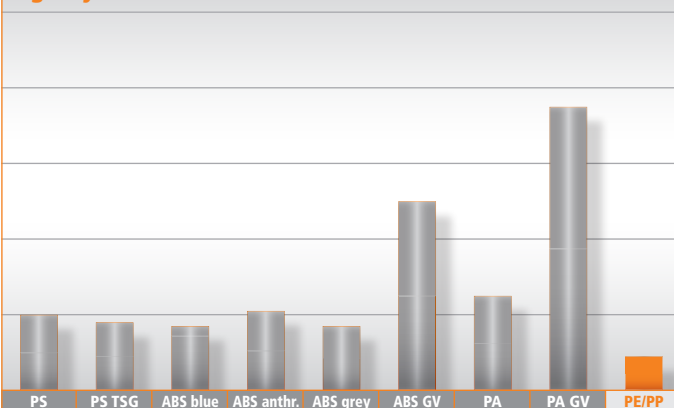
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## Different characteristics in comparison:

## Tensile strength

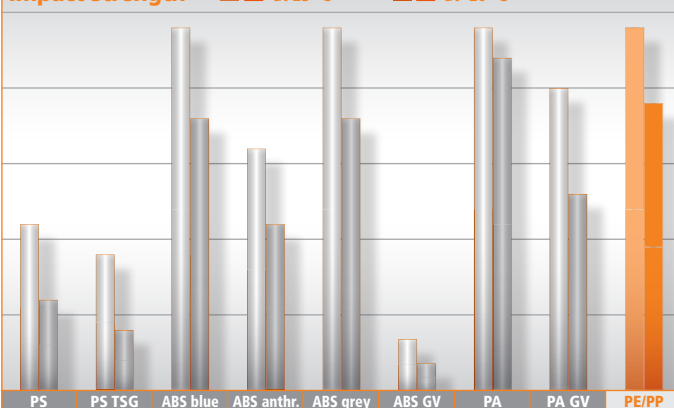


## Rigidity



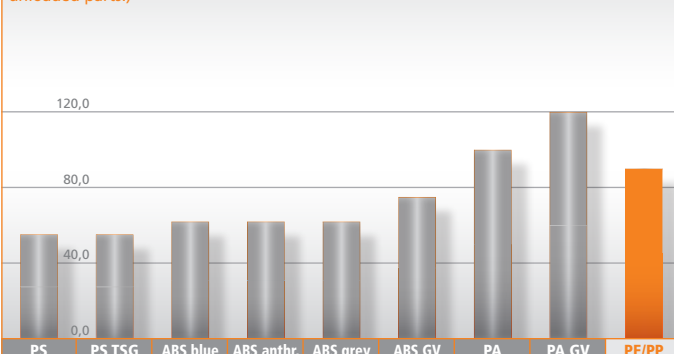
## Impact strength

at 23 °C    at -20 °C



## Shape stability in heat (°C)

(Reference values for maximum working temperatures with unloaded parts.)



▣ **Abbreviation:**

PE = Polyethylene

PP = Polypropylene

▣ **Colours:**

Basic colours: anthracite, natural (milky)

Other cover colours available on request.

▣ **Physical characteristics:**

PE: Low absorption of water, impact-resistant, nonbreakable, pliant to soft

PP: higher hardness and rigidity than PE, hard to break

▣ **Texture:**

semi-crystalline

▣ **Density:**

PE = 0,91 - 0,96 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

PP = 0,89 - 0,91 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

▣ **Coefficient of thermal expansion:**

15 \* 1/K \* 10<sup>-5</sup>

▣ **Absorption of water:**

< 0,1 %

▣ **Chemical resistance:**

PE and PP will not be attacked by most chemicals of different types.

▣ **Environmental stress cracking:**

Although a good chemical resistance exists, polyethylene parts tend to lead to environmental stress cracking under simultaneous influence of specific chemicals and tension.

▣ **Gluing:**

A good adhesion of these parts is not possible.